

Analysis of Mitragynine and 7-Hydroxymitragynine in Blood and Urine Using CLEAN-SCREEN XCEL[®] I and UHPLC-MS/MS

UCT Part Numbers

CSXCE103 Clean Screen® XCEL I 130 mg, 3mL Column



Select PH Buffer Pouches 100 mM Acetate pH 5.0

SLC-1850ID21-18UM Selectra® C18 UHPLC Column 50 X 2.1 mm, 1.8 μm

SLC-18GDC20-18UMOPT Selectra® C18 Guard Column 5 X 2.1 mm, 1.8 μm

SELGRDHLDR-HPOPT Selectra® UHPLC Direct-Connect Guard Holder





Summary:

Mitragynine is an indole-based alkaloid and the most abundant active alkaloid in the Southeast Asian evergreen tree Mitragyna Speciosa, commonly known as kratom. Kratom has been widely used in traditional medicine due to its opioid properties and stimulant-like effects [1]. More than 20 active alkaloids have been identified in kratom. Mitragynine is thought to be responsible for the opioid-like effects. It is found that kratom has a strong bind to μ -opioid receptors, comparable to the scheduled opioid drugs [2]. 7-Hydroxymitragynine (7-OH-Mitragynine) is another active alkaloid present in kratom, although it is a minor constituent and its opioid effects are weaker than Mitragynine.

There are currently no FDA-approved uses for kratom, and the agency has received concerning reports about the safety of kratom. Based on its action at the opioid receptors, kratom is often marketed as an alternative for pain relievers. In addition, some people take kratom to avoid the symptoms of opioid withdrawal and because kratom may be bought more easily than prescription drugs [2]. The FDA is actively evaluating all available scientific information on this issue and continues to warn consumers not to use any products labeled as containing the botanical substance kratom or its psychoactive compounds, Mitragynine and 7-Hydroxymitragynine [3].

This application note summarizes a quick, easy, and effective procedure to identify and quantitate Kratom analytes in blood and urine using Clean Screen[®] XCEL I SPE cartridges and a Selectra[®] C18 UHPLC column.

SPE Procedure:

1) Sample Preparation:

Urine Specimens:

- To 1 mL of urine add 1 mL of pH 5 Acetate buffer (0.1M) and internal standard(s).
- Mix/vortex briefly.
 - **Note:** A hydrolysis protocol may be required if conjugated compounds are to be included into the above drug panel.

Blood Specimens:

- To 1 mL of blood add 2 mL of pH 5 Acetate buffer (0.1M) and internal standard(s).
- Mix/vortex briefly.
- Centrifuge if necessary (e.g. postmortem blood).

2) Apply Sample:

• Load sample directly onto SPE column without conditioning (1-2 mL/minute).

3) Wash Cartridge

- 1 x 2 mL 1% Formic Acid in D.I Water
- 1 x 2 mL MeOH
- Dry cartridges under full vacuum or pressure for 2 minutes.

4) Elute Analytes

- 1 x 2 mL MeOH: NH4OH (98:2, v/v)
- Collect at 1-2 mL/ minute.

5) Dry Eluate

• Evaporate to dryness at < 40°C under a gentle stream of nitrogen.

6) Reconstitute

 Reconstitute sample in 500 μL of mobile phase or other appropriate organic solvent.





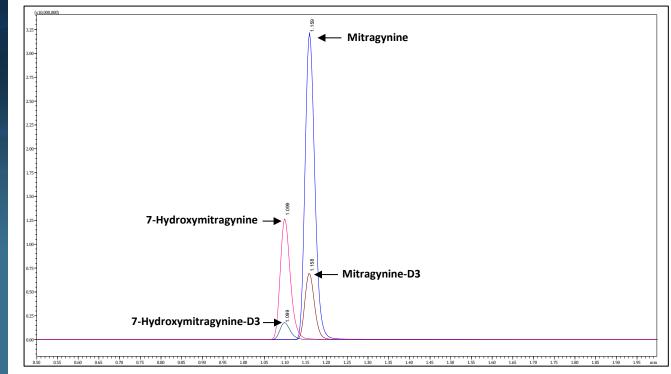
LC-MS/MS Parameters:

I.C.MS/MS System: Shimadau I.C.MS					
LC-MS/MS System: Shimadzu LCMS-8050					
UHPLC Column: Selectra [®] C18 (50 X 2.1 mm, 1.8 μm)					
Guard Column: Selectra [®] C18 (5 X 2.1 mm, 1.8 μm)					
Column Temperature: 40°C					
Flow Rate: 0.4 mL/min					
Injection Volume: 5 µL					
Gradient Program:					
Time (min)	% Mobile Phase A (0.01% Formic Acid in Water)	% Mobile Phase B (Acetonitrile)			
0	95	5			
1.0	0	100			
2.5	0	100			
2.6	95	5			
4.5	95	5			

MRM Table:

Analyte	Parent Ion	Product Ion 1	CE	Product Ion 2	CE	Product Ion 3	CE
Mitragynine	398.90	174.05	33	238.10	26	226.05	25
Mitragynine-D3	401.90	177.05	33	238.05	26	226.10	26
7-OH-Mitragynine	414.90	190.00	30	175.05	48	397.10	26
7-OH-Mitragynine-D3	418.55	193.10	30	175.05	47	400.10	25

Chromatogram:



FORENSICS

INICAL

Figure 1: Chromatogram of a 25 ng/mL extracted urine sample.

Calibration Curves:

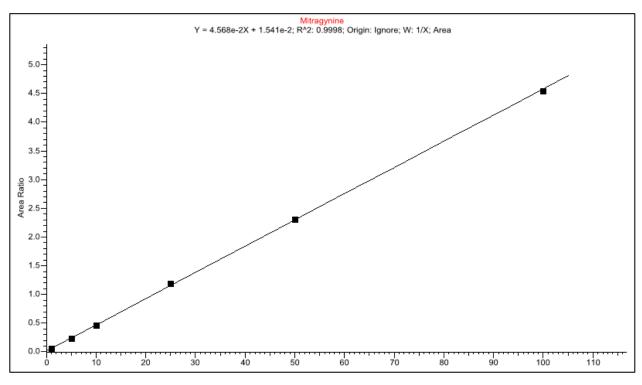


Figure 2: Calibration curve of Mitragynine (1, 5, 10, 25, 50, 100 ng/mL) featuring a R² of 0.9998.

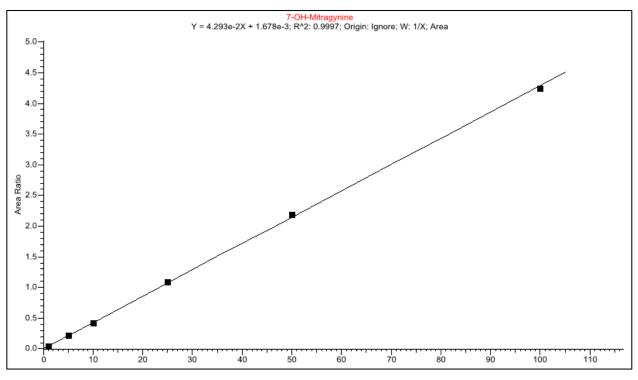


Figure 3: Calibration curve of 7-Hydroxymitragynine (1, 5, 10, 25, 50, 100 ng/mL) featuring a R² of 0.9997.





Results:

URINE					
Analyte	Mean Recovery (%) 2.5 ng/mL	RSD (%) n=5	Mean Recovery (%) 25 ng/mL	RSD (%) n=5	
Mitragynine	91	0.08	99	0.62	
7-Hydroxymitragynine	96	0.03	97	0.55	

BLOOD					
Analyte	Mean Recovery (%) 2.5 ng/mL	RSD (%) n=5	Mean Recovery (%) 25 ng/mL	RSD (%) n=5	
Mitragynine	92	0.18	99	1.25	
7-Hydroxymitragynine	100	0.12	99	1.30	

Conclusions:

This application note outlines a simple SPE procedure for analyzing the active ingredients in Kratom, Mitragynine and 7-Hydroxymitragynine, in blood and urine using UCT's Clean Screen® XCEL I SPE cartridges and Selectra® C18 UHPLC column. Excellent recoveries were obtained for both compounds using the outlined procedure, namely \geq 90% at the 2.5 ng/mL level and \geq 95% at the 25 ng/mL level. RSD values at both concentration levels were \leq 2%. Chromatographic separation of the closely related analytes can be challenging due to similar physicochemical properties of the two drugs. However, using a Selectra® C18 UHPLC column resulted in both excellent retention and baseline separation of the two analytes in less than 1.5 minutes. The peak width of all analytes in the methods did not exceed 0.1min, and reproducible injections were readily obtained. Currently, several forensic and clinical laboratories are targeting these analytes at a cut-off LOQ concentration of 10ng/mL. In this application note we were able to drop the cut-off LOQ concentration to 1 ng/mL, which would be extremely useful for both forensic and clinical diagnostics. This simple method will be beneficial to any lab looking to implement testing of these controversial drugs.

References:

[1] "Kratom" *National Center for Complementary and Integrative Health*. Published November 2018. <<u>https://www.nccih.nih.gov/health/kratom</u>>.

[2] "Statement from FDA Commissioner Scott Gottlieb, M.D., on the agency's scientific evidence on the presence of opioid compounds in kratom, underscoring its potential for abuse." *Food & Drug Administration*. Published February 6, 2018. <<u>https://www.fda.gov/news-events/press-announcements/statement-fda-commissioner-scott-gottlieb-md-agencys-scientific-evidence-presence-opioid-compounds></u>.
[3] "FDA and Kratom" *Food & Drug Administration*. Published September 11, 2019.
https://www.fda.gov/news-events/press-announcements/statement-fda-commissioner-scott-gottlieb-md-agencys-scientific-evidence-presence-opioid-compounds>.





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